

# ENMAP: THE GERMAN HYPERSPECTRAL MISSION

**EnMAP - Environmental Mapping and Analysis Program** 



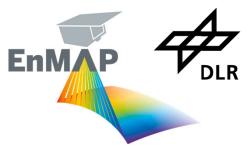
# **EnMAP – Mission Objectives**

 Environmental Mapping and Analysis Program (EnMAP) is a German hyperspectral satellite mission for characterization and monitoring of the Earth's surface on a global scale

EnMAP provides **quantitative surface parameters** about the state and changes of terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems.

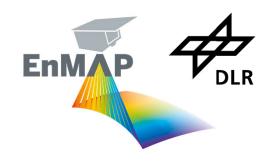


- 1) the study of globally interconnected environmental processes.
- 2) the study of the multiple impacts of human interventions on ecosystems.
- 3) supporting natural resource management. By quantifying and modeling important ecosystem processes, EnMAP contributes significantly to our understanding of the Earth system.

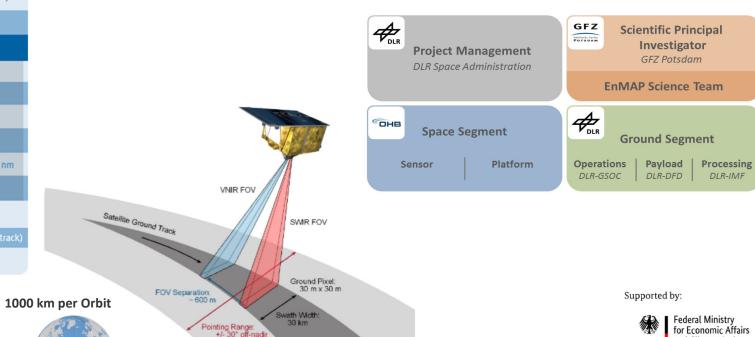




### **EnMAP – Mission and Sensor Characteristic**



Orbit characteristics			
Orbit / Inclination	sun-synchronous / 97.96°		
Target revisit time	27 days (VZA < 5°) / 4 days (VZA < 30°)		
Equator crossing time	11:00 h ± 18 min (local time)		
Instrument characteristics	VNIR	SWIR	
Spectral range	420 - 1000 nm	900 - 2450 nm	
Number of bands	91	134	
Spectral sampling interval	6.5 nm	10 nm	
Spectral bandwidth (FWHM)	8.1 ± 1.0 nm	12.5 ± 1.5 nm	
Signal-to-noise ratio (SNR)	> 400:1 @495 nm	> 170:1 @2200 nm	
Spectral calibration accuracy	o.5 nm	1 nm	
Ground sampling distance	30 m (at nadir; sea level)		
Swath width	30 km (field-of-view = 2.63° across track)		
Acquisition length	1000 km/orbit - 5000 km/day		



www.enmap.org



on the basis of a decision by the German Bundestag

5000 km a Day

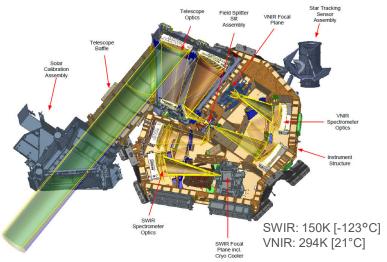
### **EnMAP – Sensor Characteristics**



Size of satellite:  $3.1 \text{ m} \times 2.0 \text{ m} \times 1.7 \text{ m}$ 

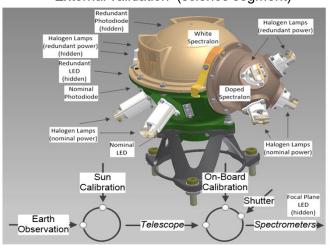
Launch mass of satellite: 980 kg (including 55 kg hydrazine)

HSI Instrument: Independent VNIR & SWIR spectrometers
Curved prism design to maximize spectral and spatial uniformity





- Cal/ val activities (ground segment)
- External validation (science segment)



& deep space

EnMAP	VNIR	SWIR
Spectral range	420 nm to 1000 nm	900 nm to 2450 nm
Spectral (res.)	4.8 nm to 8.2 nm (1000 px, 91 ch)	7.4 nm to 12.0 nm (1000 px, 134 ch)
Spatial (res., swath)	30 m, 30 km	30 m, 30 km

Slide (modified) T. Storch

# EnMAP – What a Year!





### EnMAP - Data Access

EnMAP proposal and data portal -> Registration https://planning.enmap.org/

> Submit proposal

#### Category I

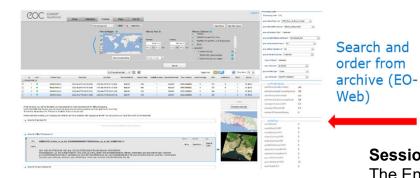
- Based on science AO
- With proposal



Search and

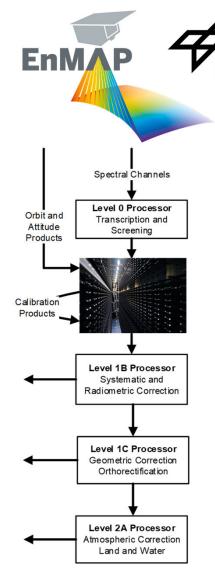
Register

Catalogue No proposal

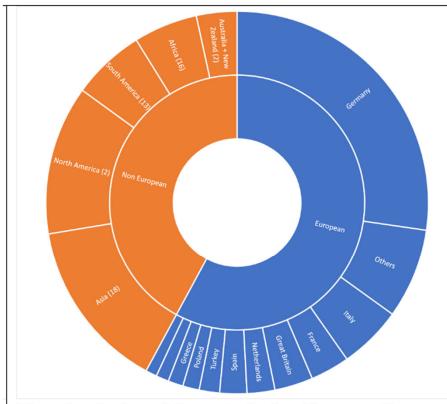


Session I "EnMAP Mission Status" The EnMAP User Inquiries

Nicole Pinnel

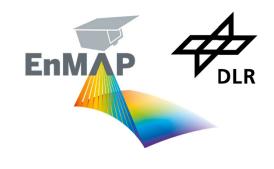


# **EnMAP – User Statistics**



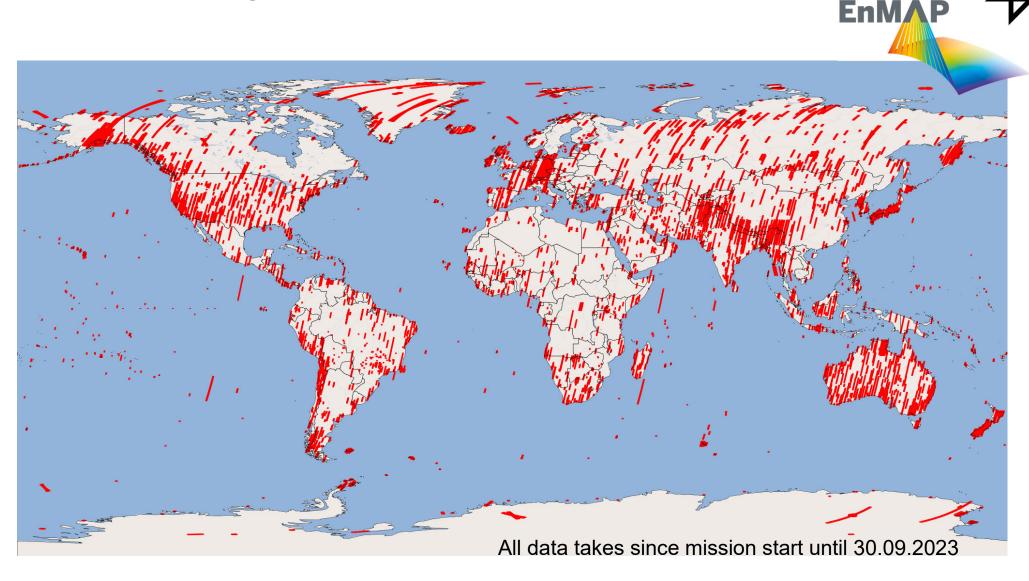
Since beginning of Commissioning Phase until 30.06.2023 (end of reporting period) with total of 1584 Users of 83 different countries.

Icon	Topic	02.11.22-30.09.23	
		Proposal	Total Tiles
<b>(4)</b>	VEGETATION	148	9477
	GEO/SOIL	100	2856
	WATER	41	2275
	SNOW/ICE	7	698
	URBAN	8	307
	ATMOSPHERE	10	1047
	HAZARD/RISK	6	205
٥٥	METHODS	11	531
	CAL/VAL	19	2261



Category	Number
User registered	1.424
Cat-1 User	1.815
Proposals	350
Catalogue User	1.012

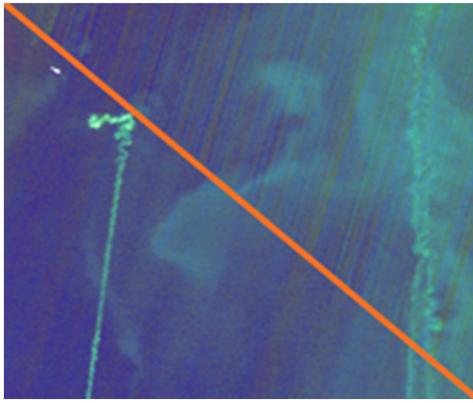
# **EnMAP – Acquisition**



# **EnMAP – Data Quality**

- Large cal/val activities and external validation
  - Data quality exceeding all requirements!
    - TOA radiance
    - Geometric accuracy. Co-registration
    - BOA reflectance
    - Smile and keystone <2%
    - And more...
- Regular Processor update for improvement of data quality
  - Several progress
    - Across-track striping
    - Water-leaving reflectance
    - VNIR-SWIR co-alignment
    - Absolute geometric accuracy
    - Cirrus-correction over snow
    - Acquisition pointing issue
    - Extension of wavelength
    - Several minor issues

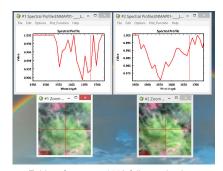




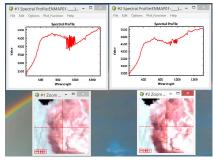
Session II "EnMAP data processing and quality "

# EnMAP – EnMAP processor update

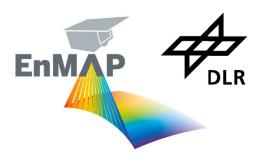
- EnMAP processor updated on 29. March 2023 (v01.02)
- Changes include:
  - Across-track de-striping algorithm implemented
  - Improved VNIR-SWIR co-registration
  - Unmasking of several spectral bands in the SWIR regions at the edges of the water bands: between 1450-1500 & 1730-1760 nm, important for mineral mapping (e.g epidote, gypsum)
  - Reprocessing of archived EnMAP data
  - use the latest version when more than one version of the product exists.

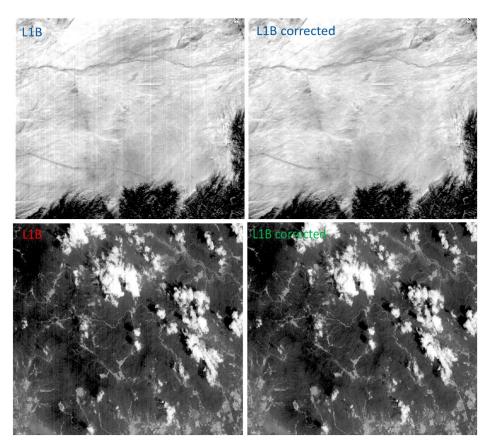


Epidote feature at 1550 fully resolved



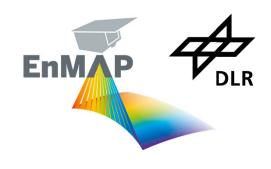
Reduction of noise in the sensor overlap region (ferric iron feature)

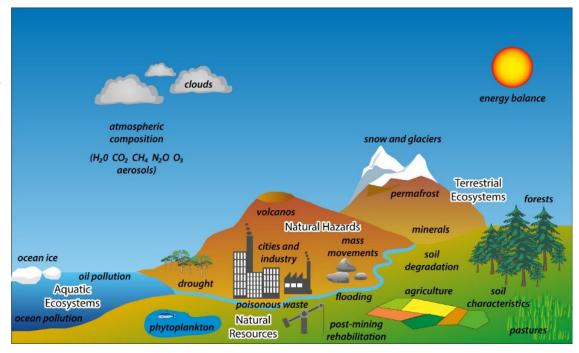




# **EnMAP – Science and Applications**

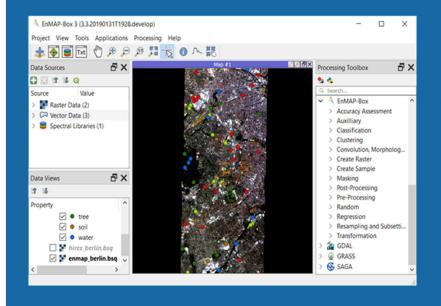
- Core themes: Study environmental changes, investigate ecosystem responses to human activities, and monitor the management of natural resources
- Key applications areas
  - Vegetation and terrestrial ecosystems (canopy biochemistry, plant stress, plant composition)
  - Geology and soils (mineral resource exploration, soil properties and soil health, soil degradation)
  - Aquatic ecosystems (algae composition, water quality)
  - Snow and ice (properties, dust)
  - · Urban areas (surface materials)
  - Environmental pollution (plastics, heavy metals, acid mine drainage, hydrocarbon leakages, greenhouse gases)
  - Hazard and risks (landslides, swelling soils, floods, droughts, volcanoes)

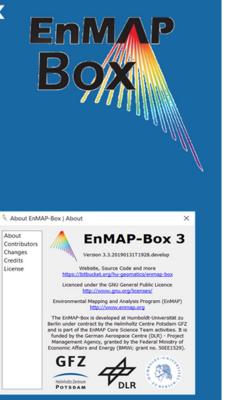




### **EnMAP – Toolbox**

Free and open-source toolbox for visualization, processing & analysis of hyperspectral data

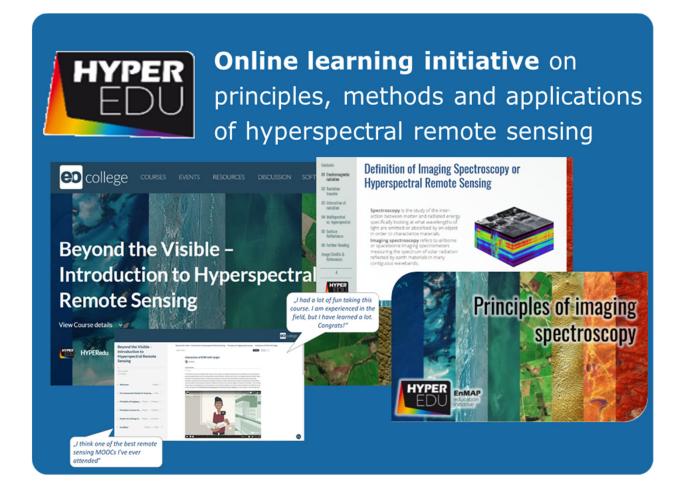


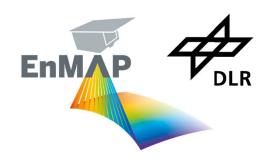




Session I "EnMAP Mission Status" What's new in the EnMAP-Box 3.13? Andreas Janz

## EnMAP - HYPERedu





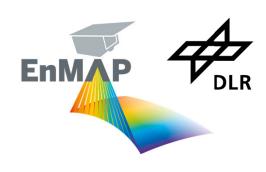
Session I "EnMAP Mission Status" HYPERedu online learning program Saskia Förster/Arlena Brosinsky



# **EnMAP – Summary and Outlook**

- Extensive scientific exploitation program
  - Mission science support (EnMAP-Box, HYPERedu)
  - Synergy/complementarity with other hyperspectral missions
    - Cal/Val, supersites, reference datasets, standards and protocols
  - Involvement in next missions in preparation (e.g. CHIME)
  - Synergies with other hyperspectral missions

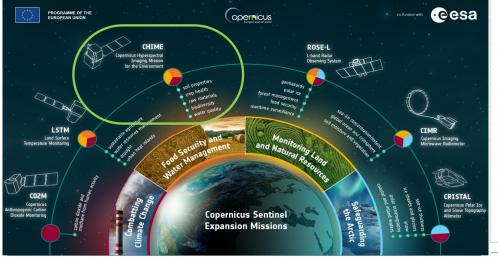












DOMAIN	THEMATIC AREA	VARIABLES CHPPP	CHIME Candidate Algorithms
AGRICULTURE / FOOD SECURITY	Assessment of biophysical and biochemical variables related to the crops and of agronomic interest	Leaf/Canopy Pigment Content	Semi-empirical modelling based on narrow-band vegetation indices; Hybrid methods based on ANN/LUT or other machine learning algorithms applied to vegetation canopy radiative transfer models outputs (e.g. PROSAIL).
		Leaf/Canopy Nitrogen Content	Narrow-band vegetation indices; Hybrid methods based on ANN/LUT or other machine learning algorithms e.g. GPR methods applied to vegetation canopy reflectance models (e.g. PROSAIL).
		LAI	
		Canopy Water Content	
		Leaf/Canopy Pigment Content	
		Leaf Mass/Area	
	Topsoil properties	Soil organic carbon content	Chemometrics modelling (e.g. PLSR); Spectral analysis; Spectral indices; Machine learning (e.g. Random Forest)
		Soil texture (clay, silt, sand)	
GEOLOGY & MINERALS	Raw material detection	Mineral identification / classification (Kaolinite, Smectite, Jarrosite, Dolomite)	Sub-pixel linear unmixing Tetracorder type (EnGeoMap/PRISM)
		Hematite – Goethite distribution	
		Ferric oxide content	
		Kaolin Cristallinity	



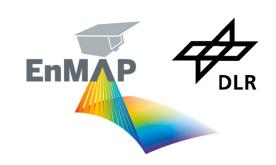




### **EnMAP**

#### EnMAP – 1 year of data recording

- Data opened to the public since Nov. 2022, user community is growing
- Exceptional data quality, Demonstration of high science application potential



#### • EnMAP – User driven mission

- Acquisition request on demand, with mission capacity in mind
- High demand of scheduled acquisition is being handeled more efficiently in the future

#### • EnMAP - User

- Team-up with other research groups
- Have a look at the EnMAP archive
- Request longer stripes and not only one tile

#### • EnMAP – current information

- www.enmap.org
- https://planning.enmap.org/







1st EnMAP user workshop - Agenda and late registrations published on September 28, 2023

The <u>agenda</u> for the 1st EnMAP user workshop is now online. The workshop will be jointly organized by DLR and GFZ and will take place fully online on **October 10-11**, 2023. For participation without presentation, registration is still open until **October 06**, 2023. Via the resistration portal of.